# Year 1 Woodland Writing LTP & MTP

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	Year 1 Writing National Curriculum
Transcription: Spelling	Pupils should be taught to:
See English Appendix 1	Spell:
See English Appendix 1	* words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught
	* common exception words
	* the days of the week
	Name the letters of the alphabet:
	* naming the letters of the alphabet in order
	* using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same sound
	Add prefixes and suffixes:
	* using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs.
	Appendix 2 states, 'Regular plural noun suffixes –s or –es [for example, dog, dogs; wish, wishes], including the effects of these suffixes on the meaning of the noun'
	* using the prefix un—
	Appendix 2 states, 'How the prefix un— changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives [negation, for example, unkind, or undoing: untie the boat]'
	* using –ing, –ed, –er and –est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words [for example, helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest]
	Appendix 2 states, 'Suffixes that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (e.g. helping, helped, helper)'
	Apply simple spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1.
	Additional in Appendix 1: Compound words and Common exception words
	Write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs and common exception words taught so far.
	Appendix 1 also states: Division of words into syllables
Transcription: Handwriting	Pupils should be taught to:
	* sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly
	* begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place
	* form capital letters
	* form digits 0-9
	* understand which letters belong to which handwriting 'families' (i.e. letters that are formed in similar ways) and to practise these.
Composition	Pupils should be taught to:
	Write sentences by:
	* saying out loud what they are going to write about
	* composing a sentence orally before writing it
	* sequencing sentences to form short narratives
	* re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense
	Discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils
	Read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher.
Vocabulary, grammar and	Pupils should be taught to:
punctuation	Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by:
See English Appendix 2	* leaving spaces between words
	* joining words and joining clauses using 'and'
	* beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark
	* using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun 'I'
	* learning the grammar for year 1 in English Appendix 2
	Use the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.
	Additional detail mentioned in Appendix 2
	* How words can combine to make sentences.
	* Sequencing sentences to form short narratives.
	* Terminology: letter, capital letter, word, singular, plural, sentence, full stop, question mark, exclamation mark

## **Year 1 Woodland Writing LTP**

### <u>Autumn term</u>

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14
Class Text						Т	oby and the Gre	eat Fire of Londo	n					
Writing Outcome	Teacher	Вє	Fiction eating the Mons	ter	Non Fiction Concrete Poetry Information			Fiction  Loosing Tale			Non Fiction Instructions: making a spell		Acrostic Poetry	Teacher
Writing Hook	discretion	Traditiona	al Tale – Hansel	and Gretel	History topic: The Great Fire of London		Bonfire Night	Room on the Broom by Julia Donaldson			Room on the Broom by Julia Donaldson		Christmas	Discretion
Handwriting	<ul> <li>Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly.</li> <li>Begin to form lower case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place.</li> </ul>								<ul> <li>Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly.</li> <li>Begin to form lower case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place.</li> <li>Form capital letters.</li> </ul>					
Composition		<ul> <li>Compose a sentence orally before writing it</li> <li>Say out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>Sequence sentences to form short narratives</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>Compose a sentence orally before writing it</li> <li>Say out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense</li> <li>Compos e a sentence orally before writing it.</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Compose a sentence orally before writing it</li> <li>Say out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>Sequence sentences to form short narratives</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Compose a sentence orally before writing it</li> <li>Say out loud what they are going to write about</li> </ul>		
Vocabulary Grammar Punctuation			es between wor sentences using op.		<ul> <li>Punctuate sentences         using a capital letter and         full stop.</li> <li>Using a capital letter for         names of people and         places.</li> <li>Compose         a         sentence         orally         before         writing it.</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Leave spaces between words.</li> <li>Punctuate sentences using a capital letter and full stop.</li> <li>joining words and joining clauses using 'and'</li> </ul>			using a capital letter and full stop.  • Using a capital letter for		Compos     e a     sentenc     e orally     before     writing     it.	
Weekly spelling focus	'f' and 's' spelt 'ff' and 'ss'	'l' and 'z' spelt 'll' and 'zz'	'k' spelt 'ck'	Adding 'ing' and 'ed' where no changes are made to root word	'ch' spelt 'ch' 'ch' spelt 'tch'	'v' spelt 'v' 'v' spelt 've'	'ai' and 'oi' Mostly in the middle of words	'ay' and 'oy' at the end of words	'oa' spelt 'oa' and 'ow'	'ee' spelt 'e'	'ea'	'ie' making the 'igh' and 'ee' sounds	ʻigh'	
Example vocabulary	off, puff, sniff, miss, hiss, less	well, pull, full, wall, buzz, fizz	back, stick, flick. trick	hunting, hunted, buzzing, buzzed, jumping, jumped	chip, chick, rich, much catch, fetch, match, hutch, kitchen	van, vet, visit, have, live, give, love, glove, above, nerve	rain, wait, train, paid, afraid, oil, join, coin, point, soil	play, way, stay, today, say, boy, toy, enjoy, annoy, royal	goal, coach, goat, own, snow, grow	me, she, we, be, he, see, tree, green, meet, week	dream, meat, each, scream, read	lie, tie, pie, cried, tried, dried, field, thief, shield	right, bright, light, night, fright, tight, high	
CEW Spelling Homework		the	e, a, do, to, to	oday, of, said	, says, are, w	ere		was,	is, his, has, I	, we, no, go so	o, by			

## Spring term

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12
Class Text			The Way	back Home		Man on the Moon						
Writing Outcome	Concrete Poetry		Fiction			Fiction biography)	Fiction			Non I		
Writing Hook	Spring	The Way Bac	Journey Tale k Home (video on l	Literacy Shed)	Neil Armstrong	(Little People, Big s series)	Wishing Tale  Giraffes Can't Dance			Information  Giraffe facts video		Teacher Discretion
Handwriting	-		pencil comfortably in the correct dire		finishing in the right	t place.	<ul> <li>Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly.</li> <li>Begin to form lower case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place.</li> <li>Form capital letters.</li> <li>Understand which letters belong to which handwriting families.</li> </ul>					
Composition	Compose a sentence orally before writing it	Say out loud	entence orally befo what they are goin ntences to form sho	g to write about	<ul> <li>Compose a se before writing</li> <li>Say out loud v going to write</li> </ul>	g it what they are	<ul> <li>Compose a sentence orally before writing it</li> <li>Say out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>Sequence sentences to form short narratives</li> </ul>			<ul> <li>Compose a set before writing</li> <li>Say out loud v going to write</li> </ul>		
Vocabulary Grammar Punctuation	Compose a sentence orally before writing it	<ul> <li>Leave spaces between words.</li> <li>Punctuate sentences using a capital letter and full stop.</li> <li>Joining words and joining clauses using 'and'</li> <li>Use an exclamation mark</li> <li>Punctuate sentences using a capital letter and full stop.</li> <li>Using a capital letter for name of people and places.</li> <li>Use a question mark</li> </ul>					<ul> <li>Punctuate se full stop.</li> </ul>	s between words. entences using a ca s and joining claus mation mark		capital letter	al letter for names I places.	
Weekly spelling focus	'ar'	'er'	'ir' and 'ur'	Adding 'er' to adjectives	Adding 'est' to adjective	Days of the week	'k' sound spelt 'k' not 'c'	Chatty friends 'a-e' and 'o-e'	Chatty friends 'i-e' and 'o-e'	'u-e'	'oo' middle of words	
Example vocabulary	car, start, park, arm, garden, artist, star	better, under, summer, winter, sister, rubber	girl, bird, shirt, first, third turn, hurst, church, burst, burn	grander, fresher, quicker, taller, slower, faster	grandest, freshest, quickest, tallest, slowest		kit, skin, skill, king, kettle	made, came, same, take, safe, date	five, ride, like, time, side, home, those, hope, hole	June, rude, rule, flute, use, tube, tune, huge, cute, cube	food, pool, moon, soon, zoo, book, took, foot, wood, good	
CEW Spelling Homework		my, here, the	ere, where, love	e, come, some,	one, once, ask			pull, full, he, me	e, she, house, our,	friend, school, put		

#### Summer term

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	
Class Text		Percy	y the Park Keepe	er – The Rescue I	Party/		Winnie and Wilbur at The Seaside							
Writing		Fiction		Non Fiction		Fiction			Non I	iction	Poetry			
Outcome	Teacher Warning Tale				Instru	ctions	Fantasy Story			Rec	ount	Acrostic poem	Teacher	
Writing Hook	Discretion	The Lorax extract film clip			Planting a see of a plan	ed/taking care	Shared experience – small door in the classroom: where does it lead?			A visit to t	he museum		Discretion	
Handwriting		<ul><li>Begin to for finishing in</li><li>Form capit</li></ul>	rm lower case le the right place. al letters.	etters in the corre	ifortably and cor ect direction, sta nandwriting fami	rting and	<ul> <li>Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly.</li> <li>Begin to form lower case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place.</li> <li>Form capital letters.</li> <li>Understand which letters belong to which handwriting families.</li> </ul>							
Composition		<ul> <li>Compose a sentence orally before writing it</li> <li>Say out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>Sequence sentences to form short narratives</li> <li>Compose a sentence orally before writing it</li> <li>Say out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense</li> </ul>					<ul> <li>Compose a sentence orally before writing it</li> <li>Say out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>Sequence sentences to form short narratives</li> <li>Compose a sentence orally before writing it</li> <li>Say out loud what they are going to write about</li> <li>re-reading what they have written to check that it makes sense</li> </ul>					Compose     a sentence     orally     before     writing it		
Vocabulary Grammar Punctuation		<ul> <li>Leave spaces between words.</li> <li>Punctuate sentences using a capital letter and full stop.</li> <li>joining words and joining clauses using 'and'</li> <li>Use an exclamation mark</li> <li>Leave spaces be words.</li> <li>Punctuate sent using a capital letter full stop.</li> </ul>				sentences	<ul> <li>Leave spaces between words.</li> <li>Punctuate sentences using a capital letter and full stop.</li> <li>Joining words and joining clauses using 'and'</li> <li>Use an exclamation mark</li> <li>Punctuate sentences using a capital letter and full stop.</li> <li>Leave spaces between words.</li> <li>Using a capital letter for names of people and places.</li> <li>Use an exclamation mark</li> </ul>			es between  bital letter for beople and	Compose a sentence orally before writing it			
Weekly spelling focus	'oo' spelt 'ue' and 'ew'	'ou' and 'ow'	'ee' spelt 'y'	'or' and 'ore'	'aw' and 'au'	'air' and 'are'	'ear'	'ph' and 'wh'	Prefix 'un'	Adding 's' to words	Adding 'es' to words	Compound words		
Example vocabulary	blue, clue, true, rescue, drew, new, few, grew, flew, threw	now, how, brown, down, town, out, about, mouth, sound, you	very, happy, funny, party, family, dizzy, smelly, silly, jolly, sunny	for, short, born, horse, morning, more, score, before, shore	saw, draw, yawn, crawl, claw, August, dinosaur, astronaut	air, fair, pair, hair, chair, bare, dare, care, share, scared	dear, hear, beard, near, year, clear, fear	dolphin, alphabet, phonics, elephant, when, where, which	unhappy, undo, unload, unfair, unlock, unwrap, unzip, untidy, unwell	cats, dogs, spends, rocks, friends	catches, pushes, fetches	football, playground, farmyard, bedroom, lighthouse, bathroom		

CEW Spelling Homework	push, you, your, they, be, the, said, are	Teacher to review CEW regularly spelt incorrectly	
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